UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS EASTERN DIVISION

CI	ÆΜ	ENS	FRA]	NEK,

Plaintiff,

v.

WALMART STORES, INC. and TARGET CORPORATION,

Defendants.

Civil Action No. 08-cv-0058

Judge Robert M. Dow Jr.

Answer to Target Corporation's Affirmative Defenses and Counterclaims

NOW COMES Plaintiff, Clemens Franck, through his attorneys of Orum & Roth, LLC, and for his Answer to Target Corporation's Affirmative Defenses and Counterclaims states:

First Affirmative Defense

The Complaint fails, in whole or in part, to state a claim against Target upon which relief can be granted.

Answer: Denies.

Second Affirmative Defense

Franek's claims are barred because the purported trademark is functional.

Answer: Denies.

Third Affirmative Defense

Franek's claims are barred because the primary significance of the purported trademark is

not as an indicator of the source of goods.

Answer: Denies.

Fourth Affirmative Defense

Franek's claims are barred, in whole or in part, by 815 ILCS § 505/10a(e) and/or other

applicable statutes of limitations.

Answer:

Denies.

Fifth Affirmative Defense

Franek's claims are barred, in whole or in part, by the doctrines of waiver, acquiescence,

estoppel and/or laches.

Answer:

Denies.

Sixth Affirmative Defense

Upon information and belief, Franek's claims against Target are barred, in whole or in

part, by unclean hands.

Answer:

Denies.

Seventh Affirmative Defense

Upon information and belief, Franek's alleged damages, if any, have been caused by

Franek's own conduct and/or failure to mitigate damages, or by others beyond the control of

Target.

Answer:

Denies.

2

Eighth Affirmative Defense

Some of all of Franek's claims are pre-empted or otherwise governed by other federal

laws, including but not limited to the Patent Act, 35 U.S.C. § 1 et seq.

Answer: Denies.

Ninth Affirmative Defense

Target's use, advertising, offering for sale, an [sic] sale of round beach towels constitutes

a fair, descriptive, and non-trademark use of Franck's alleged trademark.

Answer: Denies.

Tenth Affirmative Defense

Franek's Round Towel Mark, a mark consisting of the configuration of a round beach

towel, was abandoned through an invalid assignment, a discontinuation of use with intent to

abandon, and uncontrolled third-party use of the trademark.

Answer: Denies.

Counterclaims

1. Defendant / Counter-Plaintiff Target Corporation ("Target") is a corporation duly

organized and existing under the laws of the State of Minnesota. Target's principal

place of business is located at 1000 Nicollet Mall, Minneapolis, Minnesota.

Answer: Admits.

2. On information and belief, Plaintiff / Counter-Defendant Clemens Franck ("Franck") is an individual who is a citizen of the United States and who resides at 4601 Post Road, East Greenwich, Rhode Island.

<u>Answer:</u> Plaintiff does not currently reside at the address stated but otherwise admits the allegations.

3. This Court has jurisdiction over this Counterclaim pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(b). This Counterclaim also arises under the Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202, and the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1051 *et seq.*, including but not limited to 15 U.S.C. §§ 1119 and 1121.

Answer: Admits.

4. Venue is proper in this judicial district under 28 U.S.C. § 1391.

Answer: Admits.

5. By commencing this action in this Court, Franck has consented to personal jurisdiction and venue in this Court.

Answer: Admits.

Count I – Cancellation of Trademark Registration

6. The allegations of Paragraphs 1 through 5 of this Counterclaim are restated and incorporated by reference into this Count I of Target's Counterclaim.

Answer: Plaintiff restates and reincorporates the answers to paragraphs 1 through 5 as and

for paragraphs 6.

7. By this Counterclaim, Target seeks an order directing the cancellation of United

States Trademark Registration No. 1,502,261 (the "Registration") pursuant to 15

U.S.C. § 1119.

Answer: Plaintiff denies that Target is entitled to cancellation of the mark at issue and

otherwise denies the remaining allegations.

8. Franck has alleged that he is the owner of the Registration in his Complaint in this

action.

Answer: Admits.

9. In view of Franek's allegations in the above-captioned action, including Franek's

allegation that Target has infringed the purported mark covered by the Registration,

Target believes that it is or will be damaged by the continued registration of the

Registration.

Answer: Denies.

10. The purported mark covered by the Registration is functional.

Answer: Denies.

11. The primary significance of the purported mark covered by the Registration is not as

an indicator of source.

Answer: Denies.

12. An actual and justiciable controversy exists between Target and Franck regarding whether the Registration is valid or should be cancelled.

Answer: Denies.

13. Target is entitled to an order for the cancellation of the Registration pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §§ 1064(3) and 1119.

Answer: Denies.

Count II – Declaration of Invalidity

14. The allegations of Paragraphs 1 through 5 of this Counterclaim are restated and incorporated by reference into this Count II of Target's Counterclaim.

Answer: Plaintiff restates and realleges the answers to paragraphs 1 through 5 as and for paragraph 14.

15. By this Counterclaim, Target seeks a declaration that the round towel design trademark described in United States Trademark Registration No. 1,502,261 (the "Round Towel Mark") and/or that allegedly existing pursuant to any state or common law rights is invalid.

Answer: Plaintiff denies that the mark is invalid and otherwise denies the remaining allegations.

16. Franek has alleged that he is the owner of the Round Towel Mark in his Complaint in

this action.

Answer: Admits.

17. The Round Towel Mark is functional.

Answer: Denies.

18. The Round Towel Mark is not an indicator of source.

Answer: Denies.

19. Prior to in or about 1994, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of

Illinois known as CLM Design, Inc. ("CLM Design"), owned the Round Towel Mark

and its registration. On or about July 1, 1994, the Secretary of State of the State of

Illinois involuntarily dissolved CLM Design. On or about July 2, 2007, CLM Design

purported to assign the Round Towel Mark and its registration to Franek nun pro

tunc. On information and belief, from on or about July 1, 1994, until on or about July

2, 2007, CLM Design discontinued using the Round Towel Mark. On information

and belief, from on or about July 1, 1994, until on or about July 2, 2007, there was

uncontrolled third-party use of the Round Towel Mark. As a result, CLM Design

abandoned the Round Towel Mark and its registration.

Answer: Plaintiff denies there was a discontinuing use of the Round Towel Mark and

denies uncontrolled third-party use of the Round Towel Mark. Plaintiff denies any abandonment

of the Mark and further denies any remaining allegations.

Case 1:08-cv-00058 Document 25 Filed 03/26/2008 Page 8 of 8

20. An actual and justiciable controversy exists between Target and Franek regarding

whether the Round Towel Mark and its registration are valid.

Answer: Denies.

WHEREFORE, the Plaintiff, Clemens Franck, denies that Target is entitled to any relief

as requested in the counterclaims and request that this Court dismiss the counterclaims with

prejudice and for cost and such other further relief as this Court deems just.

/s/ Mark D. Roth

Mark D. Roth Orum & Roth LLC

53 West Jackson Boulevard, Suite 1616

Chicago, IL 60604-3606

(312) 922-6262 Tel.:

(312) 922-7747 Fax:

Attorney for Plaintiff